

SET 2016
PAPER – III

POLITICAL SCIENCE

311271

Signature of the Invigilator

Question Booklet No.

1.

OMR Sheet No..

Subject Code **31**

Roll No.

Time Allowed : 150 Minutes

Max. Marks : 150

No. of pages in this Booklet : 12

No. of Questions : 75

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

1. Write your Roll No. and the OMR Sheet No. in the spaces provided on top of this page.
2. Fill in the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR response sheet.
3. This booklet consists of seventy five (75) compulsory questions each carrying 2 marks.
4. Examine the question booklet carefully and tally the number of pages/questions in the booklet with the information printed above. **Do not accept a damaged or open booklet.** Damaged or faulty booklet may be got replaced within the first 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time given.
5. Each Question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) in the OMR sheet. You have to completely darken the circle indicating the most appropriate response against each item as in the illustration.



6. All entries in the OMR response sheet are to be recorded in the original copy only.
7. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
8. Rough Work is to be done on the blank pages provided at the end of this booklet.
9. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except in the spaces allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
10. You have to return the Original OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. **You are, however, allowed to carry the test booklet and the duplicate copy of OMR Sheet** on conclusion of examination.
11. Use of any calculator, mobile phone or log table etc. is strictly prohibited.
12. **There is no negative marking.**

31-16

PAPER-III
POLITICAL SCIENCE

1. According to Thomas Hobbes, human beings have relentless and insatiable desire for power and a belief that individual security can only be achieved through the acquisition of ever more power. Hobbes would most likely have argued that the main purpose of government is to :
- (A) Reduce social inequalities
(B) Protect economic rights
(C) Manage political conflicts
(D) Distribute scarce resources
2. The main executive body of the UN with primary responsibility for maintaining international peace and security is :
- (A) General Assembly
(B) Security Council
(C) Secretariat
(D) UNCTAD
3. Freedom of Speech under the Indian Constitution is subject to reasonable restriction on the ground of protection of :
- (A) Sovereignty and integrity of the country
(B) The dignity of the office of the Prime Minister
(C) The dignity of Council of Ministers
(D) The dignity of Constitutional functionaries
4. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R) :
- Assertion (A):** States are most important actors in politics and they are in charge of military and economic power.
- Reason(R) :** Only few larger states are important. Organisations such as the EU, Microsoft and the World Bank have more power than many states.
- Code :**
- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(C) (A) is true and (R) is false
(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
5. Which of the following features of early capitalist development contributed most directly to the growth of representative government ?
- (A) The protection of private property
(B) The organisation of joint stock companies
(C) The operation of competitive markets
(D) The process of capitalist accumulation
6. Simla Agreement was signed by the following Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan :
- (A) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Feroz Khan Noon
(B) Indira Gandhi and Feroz Khan Noon
(C) Indira Gandhi and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
(D) Rajiv Gandhi and Benazir Bhutto
7. The following is not a part of Hegelian Dialectics :
- (A) Everything is transient and finite, existing in the medium of time
(B) Everything is composed of contradictions.
(C) Social processes in terms of interrelations, development, and transformation
(D) Change is helical, not circular
8. Who said "If the king is energetic, his subjects will be equally energetic. If he is lax, the subjects will also be lax and thereby eat into his wealth" ?
- (A) Kautilya
(B) Plato
(C) Aquinas
(D) Buddha
9. Which of the federal principles are found in the Indian Federation ?
1. Equal representation of states in the Second house of Parliament
2. Double citizenship
3. Bicameral Legislature at federal level
4. Independent and Impartial Judiciary.
- Select the correct answer from the code given below :
- (A) 1, 2 and 3
(B) 3 and 4
(C) 2, 3 and 4
(D) 1 and 3

10. The following is not a part of intellectual foundation stones of behaviouralism :

- (A) Regularities
- (B) Verification
- (C) Intuition
- (D) Integration

11. Mandal Commission was appointed under the government of:

- (A) Janata Party led by Morarii Desai
- (B) Janata Party (S) led by Charan Singh
- (C) Janata Dal led by V.P. Singh
- (D) Samajwadi Janata Party led by Chandra Shekar

12. The following is not a work of Karl Marx :

- (A) 18th Brumaire of Louis Napoleon
- (B) The German Ideology
- (C) Thesis on Feuerbach
- (D) Principles of Political Economy

13. Who among the following contributed for the emergence of "human security" debate in International Relations ?

- (A) Samir Amin
- (B) A.G Frank
- (C) Mahbub-ul-Haq
- (D) Kofi Annan

14. Match List-1 with List-2 and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

List-1

List-2

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| a. Liberty right | i. Equality before law and non discrimination |
| b. Due process right | ii. Freedom of expression and association |
| c. Equality right | iii. Protection against imprisonment without trial and excessive punishment |
| d. Welfare right | iv. Provision of education to all and protection against severe poverty and starvation |

Code :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | a | b | c | d |
| (A) | i | ii | iii | iv |
| (B) | iii | i | iv | ii |
| (C) | ii | iii | i | iv |
| (D) | iv | i | ii | iii |

15. The policy of "String of Pearls" refers to :

- (A) The network of American military facilities and relationships during cold war era
- (B) The network of Russian military relationships during cold war era
- (C) Export of pearls from India
- (D) The network of Chinese military and commercial facilities and relationships along its sea lines of communication

16. The following is not an aspect of J.S. Mill's conception of liberty :

- (A) Liberty of thought and discussion
- (B) Principle of individuality
- (C) Limits on individual's right to private property
- (D) Limits of authority over an individual's action

17. The following are looser-knit bodies, and are formed by private or public bodies that want to cooperate with each other but also want to preserve their independent identity and not merge into a single, larger body :
- (A) Federations
(B) Confederations
(C) Syndicates
(D) Cartels.
18. Who argued that the progression of sciences and arts has caused the corruption of virtue and morality ?
- (A) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
(B) Rousseau
(C) Jyoti Rao Phule
(D) Bentham
19. Which one of the following is a feature common to both the Indian and American Federations ?
- (A) Three lists in the Constitution
(B) Provision of single citizenship
(C) A federal Supreme Court to interpret the Constitution
(D) Dual judiciary
20. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R) :
- Assertion (A):** All social and political theories are not valid for all times and all policies.
Reason (R): Most theories are context dependent and limited to times and places.
- Code :**
- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(C) (A) is true and (R) is false
(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
21. The following theory is considered as 'Voices from periphery' :
- (A) Modernisation
(B) Imperialism
(C) Class Struggle
(D) Dependency
22. Under the system of proportional representation of elections :
- (A) Minorities are given more votes than their population
(B) The Minorities get representation in proportion to their strength
(C) Representation is given to minor voters
(D) Minority people get elected in more numbers
23. The term "Geopolitics" was coined by :
- (A) Rudolf Kjellen
(B) Hans J. Morgenthau
(C) Winston Churchill
(D) Woodrow Wilson
24. Which of the following committees/commissions made recommendations about the Union State Relations ?
1. Rajamannar Committee
 2. Sarkaria Commission
 3. Tarkunde Committee
 4. Sri Krishna Commission
- Select the correct answer from the codes given below:
- (A) 1 and 2
(B) 1, 2 and 3
(C) 2 and 3
(D) 1 and 3
25. The following theory considers that changes in public policies are incremental and not revolutionary :
- (A) Elite theory
(B) Group theory
(C) Systems theory
(D) Rational choice theory

26. John Rawls' theory of "Justice as Fairness" broadly falls in the tradition of :
- Marxist tradition
 - Neo Marxist tradition
 - Liberal tradition
 - Neo liberal tradition
27. One of the following is not an attribute of globalisation process :
- Trade and transactions
 - Capital and investment movements
 - Protectionism
 - Dissemination of knowledge
28. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R) :
- Assertion (A) :** Regionalism in Indian politics reflects the cultural diversity and uneven development of regions in the country.
- Reason (R) :** The Political leaders wrack up the issues of ethnic differences.
- Code:**
- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
 - Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 - (A) is true and (R) is false
 - (A) is false, but (R) is true
29. The following term refers to the hypothetical point in time when the global production of oil reaches its maximum rate, after which production will gradually decline :
- Peak Oil
 - Energy Security
 - Oil Embargo
 - Oil Slick
30. In the political thinking of the following "social" precedes "political" :
- J.S. Mill
 - Ambedkar
 - Aurobindo
 - Hegel
31. As per the ancient Indian political tradition the word 'rita' connotes :
- Ritual
 - Cosmic Law
 - Season
 - Order
32. The following is not a classical realist :
- Thucydides
 - Hobbes
 - Immanuel Kant
 - Machiavelli
33. England's Glorious Revolution of 1688-1689 provides a particularly useful starting point for a study of which of the following political concepts ?
- Universal suffrage
 - Proportional Representation
 - Judicial Review
 - Parliamentary Sovereignty

34. Match List-1 with List-2 and select the correct answer from the code given below :

List-1		List-2	
(Theoretician)		(Conceptualisation)	
a. Hans Morgenthau	i.	International relations is about both state and transnational relations	
b. Kenneth Waltz	ii.	Ethics of international relations are different from private morality	
c. James Rosenau	iii.	Decentralised structure of anarchy between states	
d. Robert O. Keohane	iv.	Institutionalisation reduces effects of multi-polar anarchy	

Code :

	a	b	c	d
(A)	i	ii	iii	iv
(B)	iii	i	iv	ii
(C)	ii	iii	i	iv
(D)	iv	i	ii	iii

35. What system of government facilitates the citizens to take governmental decision on their own through general body meetings ?
- (A) Socialist Democracy
 (B) Totalitarianism
 (C) Direct Democracy
 (D) Representative Democracy
36. The following statement is not correct :
- (A) Social inequalities is largely man made
 (B) Social inequalities emanates from the social order
 (C) Social inequalities is ordained by the nature
 (D) Correction of social inequalities require social restructuring
37. It is mandatory for the Governor to reserve a Bill for the consideration by the President if such a Bill affects :
- (A) Powers of High Court
 (B) The rate of land revenue
 (C) The powers of the Advocate General of the State
 (D) The amount of salary paid to the Members of the Legislative Assembly
38. One of the following statements is wrong :
- (A) Social Contact Theory treats the state as the product of the mutual agreement of men to service certain social needs
 (B) Social Contact Theory of the origin of the state implies that there was a time when men lived or would have lived without any recognised civil law and without state
 (C) The theory of Social Contact is not founded on any historical evidence
 (D) All the Social Contact Theorists had the common perception about human nature and state of nature
39. The first three codified constitutions respectively are :
- (A) San Marino's, Canada and the USA
 (B) France, Ireland and the USA
 (C) France, Prussia and the USA
 (D) France, Austria and Spain
40. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched ?
- (A) Equality before Law: Guaranteed to both citizens and non-citizens
 (B) Altering the name of a State: Power of Parliament
 (C) Creating a new State: Power of Parliament
 (D) Equality of opportunity in Public Employment: Guaranteed only to Indian Citizens

41. The following Treaty imposes severe restrictions on the peaceful use of the atomic energy :
- Partial Test Ban Treaty
 - Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty
 - Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty
 - Treaty of Tlateloco
42. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R) :
- Assertion (A) :** Historical materialism explains history in terms of class struggle
- Reason (R) :** Class struggle in history takes place as a result of contradiction between the proletariat and the peasantry
- Code :**
- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
 - Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 - (A) is true and (R) is false
 - (A) is false, but (R) is true
43. Political culture is the pattern of individual attitudes and orientations towards politics among the members of a political system. It involves several components. What is the component political culture that deals with judgements and opinions ?
- Cognitive orientations
 - Affective orientations
 - Evaluative orientations
 - Incremental orientations
44. In federations, governmental power and authority is :
- Concentrated with the Federal Government
 - Concentrated with the Provincial Governments
 - Controlled by the ruling party
 - Shared between governments
45. The term that is used to connote bringing hostilities to an end temporarily :
- Truce
 - Armistice Agreement
 - Ceasefire
 - Peace Treaty
46. 'Planning from Below' means :
- Representative Democracy
 - Grassroots Democracy
 - Sarvodaya Programme
 - Antyodaya Programme
47. The following work of Plato shows his disillusionment with democratic Athens and also with political human nature :
- The Republic
 - Symposium
 - Statesman
 - Laws

48. Match List-1 with List-2 and select the correct answer from the code given below :

List-1 (Movement)	List-2 (Issue)
a. Dalit Panthers	i. Statehood
b. Telangana Exploitation	ii. Discrimination and
c. Tebhaga	iii. Agrarian Relations
d. Chipko	iv. Ecological

Code :

	a	b	c	d
(A)	i	ii	iii	iv
(B)	iii	i	iv	ii
(C)	ii	iii	i	iv
(D)	iv	i	ii	iii

49. The following refers to an arrangement where 'each state in the system accepts that the security of one is the concern of all' :

- (A) Balance of Power
- (B) Collective Engagement
- (C) Collective Security
- (D) Collective Defence

50. Public Interest Litigation (PIL) was initiated in 1983 with pioneering efforts of :

- (A) Justice R. N. Sharma
- (B) Justice P. N. Bhgawati
- (C) Justice Chandrachud
- (D) Justice B.P. Jeevan Reddy

51. The following conceives of politics as integral to society, as a basic factor without which society cannot function :

- (A) Digha Nikaya
- (B) Jainism
- (C) Manusmriti
- (D) Dharma

52. The decision to establish IMF and IBRD was taken in 1944 at:

- (A) The Yalta Conference
- (B) The Potsdam Conference
- (C) The San Francisco Conference
- (D) The Bretton Woods Conference

53. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R):

Assertion (A): India is for nuclear disarmament at the global level and for a credible minimum deterrence at the regional level

Reason(R) : India's nuclear policy has dual objectives

Code :

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

54. The following is not a part of Saptanga Theory :

- (A) The master
- (B) The nationality
- (C) The territory
- (D) The treasury

55. The concepts of constitutionalism, natural rights and limited consensual and law-based authority are associated with :

- (A) Locke
- (B) Machiavelli
- (C) Hobbes
- (D) Bakunin

56. Lame-Duck session of Parliament means :
- (A) The first session of Parliament after the elections to the Lok Sabha
 - (B) The session of Parliament in which the no-confidence motion is discussed
 - (C) The last session of Parliament before the dissolution of the Lok Sabha
 - (D) A session of Parliament, which fails to pass any Bill

57. Match List-1 with List-2 and select the correct answer from the code given below :

List-1 (Author)	List-2 (Book)
a. Almond and Powell	i. Democracy and its critics
b. Robert A. Dahl	ii. End of History and the Last Man
c. Robert D. Putnam	iii. Civic Culture
d. Francis Fukuyama	iv. Civic Traditions in Modern Italy

Code :

- | | | | |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| a | b | c | d |
| (A) i | ii | iii | iv |
| (B) iii | i | iv | ii |
| (C) ii | iii | i | iv |
| (D) iv | i | ii | iii |

58. The following statement is wrong :
- (A) G.W.F. Hegel does not distinguish between civil society and state
 - (B) Marcus T. Cicero used the term civil society in the sense of the state
 - (C) John Locke equated civil society with political society
 - (D) Gramsci includes family, school, church and other primary groups in his conception of civil society

59. Modern Nation State immediately preceded :
- (A) Greek City State
 - (B) The Tribal State
 - (C) The Oriental Empire
 - (D) The Feudal State

60. Parliamentary system of government in India operates on the basis of following principles :

1. Nominal Executive
2. Vice-President as Chairman of the Lower House
3. Real Executive Authority with the Council of Ministers
4. Executive responsibility to the Lower House

Select the correct answer from below :

- (A) 1, 2 and 3
- (B) 1, 2 and 4
- (C) 1, 3 and 4
- (D) 2, 3 and 4

61. Whitley Councils were established in the year :

- (A) 1908
- (B) 1910
- (C) 1917
- (D) 1921

62. When was the first conference on Comparative Public Administration held ?

- (A) 1949
- (B) 1950
- (C) 1952
- (D) 1956

63. Under which Constitution is the present day France being governed :

- (A) Constitution of First Republic
- (B) Constitution of Third Republic
- (C) Constitution of Fifth Republic
- (D) Constitution of Sixth Republic

64. Match the following :

List-1

List-2

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| a. Central Personal Agency | 1. Ecole Nationale d' Administration |
| b. Central Training Agency | 2. Office of the Management and Budget |
| c. Central Financial Agency | 3. LBS Academy of Administration |
| d. Central Recruitment Agency | 4. Treasury of United Kingdom |

Code :

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | a | b | c | d |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| (C) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |

65. Absence of Judicial Review is a feature of which of the following administrative systems ?

1. France
 2. USA
 3. UK
 4. India
- (A) 1 and 3
 - (B) 2 and 3
 - (C) 3 only
 - (D) 2 and 4

66. According to whom, the development administration is characterised by its 'purposes', its 'loyalties' and its 'attitudes' ?

- (A) George Gant
- (B) F.W.Riggs
- (C) Donald C. Stones
- (D) Alfred Diamont

67. Which of the following Acts placed the Indian affairs under direct control of the British Government ?

- (A) Regulating Act of 1773
- (B) Charter Act of 1833
- (C) Pitts India Act of 1784
- (D) Charter Act of 1858

68. The Railway Board was set up in the year :

- (A) 1853
- (B) 1870
- (C) 1905
- (D) 1921

69. The 'sandwich pattern' of training for the IAS probationers was introduced on the recommendation of:

- (A) P.H.Appleby Report
- (B) Administrative Reforms Commission
- (C) Kothari Commission
- (D) UPSC

70. Match the following :

List-1

List-2

- | | |
|--|---------|
| a. O & M division | 1. 1964 |
| b. Department of Personnel | 2. 1954 |
| c. Ministry of Personnel | 3. 1970 |
| d. Department of Administrative reform | 4. 1985 |

Code:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | a | b | c | d |
| (A) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (C) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (D) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |

71. When Demands for Grants are introduced in Lok Sabha the Speaker applies the guillotine :
- (A) After the demand are discussed
 - (B) After the demands are discussed and voted down by Lok Sabha
 - (C) When the demands are discussed and reduced
 - (D) When the time allotted is coming to a close
72. Who of the following compared the District Collector to a tortoise on whose back stood the elephant of the Government of India ?
- (A) Sir William Wilson
 - (B) Ramsay Mac Donald
 - (C) Sir George Campbell
 - (D) The Imperial Gazetteer of India
73. Which of the following states has made a provision for recall of the members of the Gram Panchayat by the Gram Sabha ?
- (A) Madhya Pradesh
 - (B) Karnataka
 - (C) West Bengal
 - (D) Orissa
74. 'Transparency' is a technique of :
- (A) Management
 - (B) Administration
 - (C) Governance
 - (D) Cybernetics
75. A parliamentary committee presents its report to :
- (A) The Speaker
 - (B) The President
 - (C) The Prime Minister
 - (D) The Comptroller & Auditor General of India